

Office of the Sheriff

JUL 2 9 1994

FCC MAIL Daniel A. Dunlap, Sheriff

July 25, 1994

The Honorable Reed E. Hundt, Chairman Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, NW Washington, D.C. 20554

RE: CC Docket No. 92-77 Opposition to Billed Party Preference

Your Honor,

We are opposed to the application of Billed Party Preference (BPP) at inmate facilities.

We have found it necessary to install phone equipment that is specifically designed for inmate calls. This equipment helps to prevent fraud, abusive calls and other criminal activity over the telephone network. Despite these safe guards, inmates have still found ways to circumvent such safeguards and abuse the inmate phone system through fraud and abusive calls to citizens whose rights they have violated through their criminal activity. BPP would not only eliminate such safeguards presently enjoyed by detention facilities but would also eliminate needed revenue to give inmates access to quality phone service. Costs incurred by detention facilities in housing inmates are growing by astronomical leaps and tax payers are being burdened by rising costs. Inmate phone revenue through inmate phone service providers is one of the few avenues available for tax payers to recover the cost of incarcerating individuals who have chosen to violate the constitutional rights of their fellow citizens.

We realize the burden of rates which inmate families pay for calls. Proper and effective action by the FCC would be to adopt rate ceilings on inmate calls and let the Sheriff's enforce these rate ceilings through contracts with phone companies.

In short, to protect the safety and security of the citizens of the United States, and to reduce the tax burden of law abiding citizens incurred from incarcerating those who choose to violate the laws of this country, we believe that Billed Part Preference must not be adopted.

Respectfully Yours,

Capt. Frank J. Leonbruno Corrections Administrator

Lake County Adult Detention Facility

Lake County, Ohio

No. of Copies rec'd



### DYNETFLE KOPYER SIMI

W. H. KELLY

# Kent County Detention Center

TELEPHONE (410) 778-6025

UNIT A 104 VICKERS DRIVE CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND 21620

RECEIVED

JUL 2 9 1994

July 25, 1994

FCC MAIL ROOM

The Honorable Reed E. Hundt, Chairman Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, NW Washington, D.C. 20554

RE: CC Docket No. 92-77
Opposition to Billed Party
Preference

Dear Chairman Hundt:

We are opposed to the application of Billed Party Preference (BPP) at inmate facilities.

We have analyzed the security and administration needs at our facility and have found it to be necessary to route inmate calls from our facility to a single carrier that is equipped to handle inmate calls and with whom we have a contractual relationship. We cannot allow inmates to have open access to the telecommunications network and the freedom to use any carrier they please. BPP will take away our right to coordinate inmates calls through a carrier we know and trust. Instead, inmate calls will be routed to a number of different carriers, none of whom will have any obligation to us, and few that will be trained to handle inmate calls.

We have also found it necessary to install phone equipment that is specifically designed for inmate calls. This equipment helps prevent fraud, abusive calls, and other criminal activity over the telephone network. Given the constant budgetary constraints that we are under, we cannot afford to provide this equipment without the help of inmate phone service providers. BPP would also eliminate the revenue stream that finances our inmate phones. If BPP is applied to inmate facilities, there will be no way for us to finance these phones, nor will there be inmate phone service providers to assist us. Without inmate phones, the moral of our inmates will be devastated. The resulting increase in tension will make it more difficult for our staff to manage inmates.

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Furthermore, we are sensitive to the rates inmate families pay for calls. We fully appreciate the FCC's concern if some Sheriffs do not take responsibility for protecting inmate families from abusive rates. We do not agree with the FCC that the solution for this lack of responsibility is BPP. The proper and more effective action would be to adopt rate ceilings on inmate calls and then let Sheriffs enforce these rate ceilings through their contracts. Indeed we believe the overwhelming majority of Sheriffs are committed to requiring rates that are fair and reasonable.

In short, BPP would take away our ability to employ important security and administrative measures that we have found to be necessary at our facility, ultimately reducing inmate phone availability, which in turn decreases the efficiency of our staff. We urge you to not adopt regulations that interfere with our administrative and security decisions -- decisions that are clearly within our discretion and which we have a public responsibility to make.

Respectfully submitted,

William H. Kelly, Warden

Kent County Detention Center Unit A, 104 Vickers Drive Chestertown, Maryland 21620  $\mathsf{D}^{(i)}$ 

July 20, 1994

The Honorable Reed Hundt. Chairman Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, N.W. Washington, D. C. 20554

Re: CC Docket #92-77

Dear Chairman Hundt:

RECEIVED

JUL 2 9 1994

FCC MAIL BOOM

I am writing to voice my concerns about the proposed Billed Party Preference regulation. The correctional facility inmate phone industry would be severely jeopardized by BPP, affecting inmates, their families and the criminal justice system as a whole. For this reason, we are asking that inmate calls be exempt from the proposed BPP regulation.

Over the past ten years, administrators of correctional facilities have been able to put into place a very effective system for allowing inmate phone calls. The right to choose our phone service provider has been key to our success. This service has always been delivered to us at very reasonable rates. What's more, inmate phone commissions have been a significant source of revenue for our facility and have helped us improve it dramatically. We use this revenue to fund various programs including: law enforcement education: inmate health, education and recreation; jail personnel safety; drug prevention and other community programs: family visitation etc.

#### Here are a few of my biggest concerns about Billed Party Preference:

- It strips correctional facility administrators of the right to choose inmate phone providers.
- Technology for BPP would reportedly cost upwards of \$1.5 billion, an expense that would have to be passed along to the consumer.
- Without the authority to process calls, inmate phone providers would no longer have the
  revenue to provide the sophisticated phone systems used in prisons. The end result: fewer
  phones with fewer security features. Facilities would have to revert to the old ways of
  supervising each and every inmate call.
- The average length of stay in jail would increase because inmates would not have the phone privileges required to make arrangements for obtaining bond. This costs everyone!
- Under BPP, correctional facilities would no longer have control over inmate calls, which
  means no call tracking or blocking. Inmates could conceivably harass judges, witnesses, jury
  members or even the victims of their crimes.
- Without call control. facilities would be unable to control fraud problems currently handled by inmate phone providers.

For the above reasons, and countless others, we believe that THE COSTS OF BILLED PARTY PREFERENCE FOR INMATE CALLS FAR OUTWEIGH THE BENEFITS. If BPP does become regulation, we urge you to make inmate calls exempt. Thank you for your consideration of my views.

Sincerely.

DEPUTY WARES JANER -

15811 Wilderness Pkwy San Antonio, TX 78232

July 20, 1994

Profession Profession

The Honorable Reed Hundt Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street NW Washington DC 20554 RECEIVED

JUL 2 9 1994

FCC MAIL ROOM

Dear Representative Hundt:

As both an employee in the communications industry and a tax paying citizen, I am stating my strong **opposition** to *Billed Party Preference (BPP)* for 0+ Calls. Further, I respectively request your support in ensuring that Communications Commission Docket 92-77 is defeated.

Confinement facilities are unique and, as such, they require specialized phone system equipment. These systems permit a facility to block an inmate's call to specific numbers, block undesired inbound calls, prevent three-way calling and, overall, reduce fraud and other criminal activity. All of these capabilities are inherent in the equipment which means that, for the most part, intervention by administrative personnel is not required and that the maintenance of security is not jeopardized.

A highly competitive market dictates that the technically sophisticated equipment be installed at little or no cost to the facility and that the provider's commissions be paid to the facility. The commissions facilities receive are a major source of revenue for the inmate welfare funds which finance inmate programs such as family visitation, education and rehabilitation programs. Thus, many of the positive aspects of incarceration are actually being paid for by the inmates.

Succinctly put, most, if not all, of the positive factors derived from the current way of doing business will be discarded if Billed Party Preference becomes a reality. The industry would be going back to the period prior to 1987 when few correctional facilities in the country were paid commissions and many had to pay for their inmate phone service. From a financial point of view, it could be a disaster. Local telephone and long distance companies would no longer have to pay commissions because there would be no competition. Without commissions, facilities would have to turn to their governing body and taxpayers and compete for already scarce resources. Inmate morale funding would be decreased and attended by an increase in inmate control problems. Who would pay for the inmate phone equipment necessary to control calls and prevent fraud and abuse? Again, facilities would have to turn to government sources. Cutting existing programs or increasing taxes would be the requirement to balance budgets. With inmate populations growing at rates estimated from 10 to 15 percent per year, inmate populations could increase by 40 percent by the end of the century. This, of course, will mandate an increase in the number of facilities and manpower to administer them. More inmates and facilities will necessitate more non-revenue producing inmate phone systems if BPP were approved for correctional facilities.

I appeal for your support in **defeating Communications Commission Docket 92-77** with the saying, "If it ain't broke, don't fix it!" Even though inmate phone service is not perfect, a competitive market helps ensure that improvement continues.

Sincerely.

Chery Ornelas

No. of Copies rec'd List ABCDE

# Office of the Sheriff Wayne County

RICHARD J. PISCIOTTI, Sheriff

August 1, 1994

The Honorable Reed E. Hundt, Chairman Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, NW Washington, D.C. 20554

Re: CC Docket No. 92-77 Opposition to Billed Party Preference

Dear Chairman Hundt:

We are opposed to the application of Billed Party Preference (BPP) at inmate facilities.

We have analyzed the security and administration needs at our facility and have found it to be necessary to route inmate calls from our facility to a single carrier that is equipped to handle inmate calls and with whom we have a contractual relationship. We cannot allow inmates to have open access to the telecommunications network and the freedom to use any carrier they please. BPP will take away our right to coordinate inmate calls through a carrier we know and trust. Instead, inmate calls will be routed to a number of different carriers, none of whom will have any obligation to us, and few that will be trained to handle inmate calls.

We have also found it necessary to install phone equipment that is specifically designed for inmate calls. This equipment helps prevent fraud, abusive calls, and other criminal activity over the telephone network. Given the constant budgetary constraints that we are under, we cannot afford to provide this equipment without the help of inmate phone service providers. BPP would also eliminate the revenue stream that finances our inmate phones. If BPP is applied to inmate facilities, there will be no way for us to finance these phones, nor will there be inmate phone service providers to assist us. Without inmate phones, the morale of our inmates will be devastated. The resulting increase in tension will make it more difficult for our staff to manage inmates.

Furthermore, we are sensitive to the rates inmate families pay for calls. We fully appreciate the FCC's concern if some Sheriffs do not take responsibility for protecting inmate families from abusive rates. We do not agree with the FCC that the solution for this lack of responsibility is BPP. The proper and more effective action would be to adopt rate ceilings on immate calls and then let Sheriffs enforce these rate ceilings through their contracts. Indeed we believe the overwhelming majority of Sheriffs are committed to requiring rates that are fair and reasonable.

In short, BPP would take away our ability to employ important security and administrative measures that we have found to be necessary at our facility, ultimately reducing inmate phone availability, which in turn decreases the efficiency of our staff. We urge you to not adopt regulations that interfere with our administrative and security decisions — decisions that are clearly within our discretion and which we have a public responsibility to make.

Respectfully submitted,

WAYNE COUNTY JAIL

Name of Correctional Facility

7368 ROUTE 31, LYONS, NY 14489

Address

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JUL 2 9 1994

FCC MAIL ROOM

DYNATILE ET PLONGINAL

August 1, 1994

The Honorable Reed E. Hundt, Chairman Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, NW Washington, D.C. 20554

Re: CC Docket No. 92-77 Opposition to Billed Party Preference

FCC MAIL ROOM DACKET COLORS CARRIEN

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Respectfully submitted

Name/Title

10un Name of Correctional Facility

110 5 Maple Address 7-26-94

No. of Copies rec'd List ABCDE



### KAY COUNTY SHERIFF

Distriction of the Charlet

STATE OF OKLAHOMA

110 South Maple — Newkirk, Oklahoma 74647 Phone (405) 362-2517 Fax (405) 362-3684

> Sid Cookerly Undersheriff

Sheriff

July 26, 1994

RECEIVED
JUL 2 9 1994

Vice President Al Gore Office of the Vice President Old Executive Building Washington, D. C. 20501 FCC MAIL ROOM

Ref: Federal Communications Commission
In the Matter of Billed Party Preference for

O+interLATA Calls, CC Docket 92-77

COMMENTS OF THE KAY COUNTY, OKLAHOMA DETENTION FACILIY

The Kay County, Oklahoma Sheriff's Department and Detention Center hereby go on record as opposed to billed party preference telephone tolls.

Should this program go into effect, it will destroy our inmate phone system and result in removal of all phones in cell blocks now operating 16 hours a day. We have neither the manpower nor equipment to service volume calling by B.P.P. and will simply remove said phones.

The Bill Clinton Administration has said many times it is a prolaw enforcement administration; therefore, we request assistance in defeating this proposal in the Federal Communication Commission.

MARION VANHOESEN, SHERIFF BY SID COOKERLY, UNDERSHERIFF

CC: U.S. Senator Don Nickles

U.S. Senator David Boren

U.S. Representative Ernest Istook

Reed E. Hundt, FCC / James H. Quello, FCC

No. of Copies rec'd\_ List ABCDE CC: Andrew C. Barrett, FCC Rachelle B. Chong, FCC Susan Ness, FCC July 20, 1994

The Honorable Reed Hundt, Chairman Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, N.W. Washington, D. C. 20554

Re: CC Docket #92-77

RECEIVED

JUL 2 9 1994

FCC MAIL ROOM

#### Dear Chairman Hundt:

I am writing to voice my concerns about the proposed Billed Party Preference regulation. The correctional facility inmate phone industry would be severely jeopardized by BPP, affecting inmates, their families and the criminal justice system as a whole. For this reason, we are asking that inmate calls be exempt from the proposed BPP regulation.

Over the past ten years, administrators of correctional facilities have been able to put into place a very effective system for allowing inmate phone calls. The right to choose our phone service provider has been key to our success. This service has always been delivered to us at very reasonable rates. What's more, inmate phone commissions have been a significant source of revenue for our facility and have helped us improve it dramatically. We use this revenue to fund various programs including: law enforcement education; inmate health, education and recreation; jail personnel safety; drug prevention and other community programs; family visitation etc.

#### Here are a few of my biggest concerns about Billed Party Preference:

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- Without call control, facilities would be unable to control fraud problems currently handled by inmate phone providers.

Ludinu CQ, DR.

For the above reasons, and countless others, we believe that THE COSTS OF BILLED PARTY PREFERENCE FOR INMATE CALLS FAR OUTWEIGH THE BENEFITS. If BPP does become regulation, we urge you to make inmate calls exempt. Thank you for your consideration of my views.

Sincerely.

# Sheriff

MEMBER FLORIDA SHERIFF'S ASSOCIATION NATIONAL SHERIFF'S ASSOCIATION



# C. M. "Charlie" Croft

OSCEOLA COUNTY 400 SIMPSON ROAD KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA 34744-4455

TELEPHONE

(407) 348-2222

July 25, 1994

RECEIVED

JUL 2 9 1994

FCC MAIL ROOM

The Honorable Reed E. Hundt, Chairman Federal Communications Commission 1919 M. Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20554

Re: CC Docket NO 92-77 Opposition to Billed Party Preference

Dear Chairman Hundt:

We are opposed to the application of Billed Party Preference (BBP) at inmate facilities.

We have analyzed the security and administration needs at our facility and have found it to be necessary to route inmates calls from our facility to a single carrier that is equipped to handle inmate calls and with whom we have a contractual relationship. We cannot allow inmates to have open access to the telecommunications network and the freedom to use any carrier they please. BPP will take away our right to coordinate inmate calls through a carrier we know and trust. Instead, inmate calls will be routed to a number of different carriers, none of whom will have any obligation to us, and few that will be trained to handle inmate calls.

We have also found it necessary to install phone equipment that is specifically designed for inmate calls. This equipment helps prevent fraud, abusive calls, and other criminal activity over the telephone network. Given the constant budgetary constraints that we are under, we cannot afford to provide this equipment without the help of inmate phone service providers. BPP would also eliminate the revenue stream that finances our inmate phones. If BPP is applied to inmate facilities, there will be no way for us to finance these phones, nor will there be inmate phone service providers to assist us. Without inmate phones, the morale of our inmates will be devastated. We are currently overcrowded and the resulting increase in tension will make it more difficult for our staff to manage inmates.

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In short, BPP would take away our ability to employ important security and administrative measures that we have found to be necessary at our facility, ultimately reducing inmate phone availability, which in turn decreases the efficiency of our staff. We urge you to not adopt regulations that interfere with our administrative and security decisions—decisions that are clearly within our discretion and which we have a public responsibility to make.

Respectfully Submitted,

S. Cunli

Captain Linda Cumbie Osceola County Correctional Facility 400 Simpson Road

Kissimmee, FL. 34744

cc: The Honorable James H. Quello
The Honorable Rachelle B. Chong
The Honorable Andrew C. Barrett
The Honorable Susan Ness

### Calcasieu $\operatorname{Correctional}$ ENTER

JOEY ALCEDE Warden



### Sheriff Wayne F. McElveen SHERIFF AND EX-OFFICIO TAX COLLECTOR

5410 EAST BROAD STREET LAKE CHARLES, LA 70615

RECEIVED

JUI 29 1994

FCC MAIL BOOM

July 26, 1994

The Honorable Reed E. Hundt, Chairman Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, NW Washington, D. C. 20554

Re: CC Docket No. 92-77 Opposition to Billed Party Preference

Dear Chairman Hundt,

We are opposed to the application of Billed Party Preference (BPP) at inmate facilities.

We know the security needs at our facility and feel that it is imperative to route inmate calls from our facility to a single carrier that is equipped to properly handle inmate calls and with whom we have a contractual relationship. BPP will take away our ability to coordinate inmate calls through a carrier we know and trust. Instead, inmate calls may be routed to a number of different carriers, none of whom will have any obligation to us, and therefore not be required to provide tracking reports on these calls.

We have installed phone equipment specifically designed for inmate calls. This equipment is designed to help prevent fraud, abusive calls, and other criminal activity over the telephone network. We have a contract with a local, reputable firm that is obligated to work with us as we strive to maintain the security of this institution. The courts have always held that security of an institution is paramount, and have given much latitude to jail administrators to ensure that remains the case.

The Public Service Commission guarantees that our service provider may not take advantage of inmate families by charging abusive rates. We are not in the business of generating money from inmate phone calls. If this were the case, we would constantly "shop" providers to obtain the best rates for us. We have the same provider we opened this facility with in 1990. There are other providers that can give us more revenue, but we are more concerned with security and accountability. The BPP system will not give us that ability.

We urge you to not adopt regulations that interfere with our security and administrative needs; needs that the courts have left to our discretion and which we have a public responsibility to make.

Respectfully submitted,

Joey alade Joev Alcede Warden

No. of Copies rec'd

List ABCDE

July 20, 1994

The Honorable Reed Hundt, Chairman Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, N.W. Washington, D. C. 20554

Re: CC Docket #92-77

Dear Chairman Hundt:

RECEIVED

JUL 2 9 1994

FGC MAIL HOOM

DYNETCE SCOVERGENAL

I am writing to voice my concerns about the proposed Billed Party Preference regulation. The correctional facility inmate phone industry would be severely jeopardized by BPP, affecting inmates, their families and the criminal justice system as a whole. For this reason, we are asking that inmate calls be exempt from the proposed BPP regulation.

Over the past ten years, administrators of correctional facilities have been able to put into place a very effective system for allowing inmate phone calls. The right to choose our phone service provider has been key to our success. This service has always been delivered to us at very reasonable rates. What's more, inmate phone commissions have been a significant source of revenue for our facility and have helped us improve it dramatically. We use this revenue to fund various programs including: law enforcement education; inmate health, education and recreation; jail personnel safety; drug prevention and other community programs; family visitation etc.

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Sincerely,

Richal Jacom Chief Deputy Shevift Buffald County Kerrney, Nebracka

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Deuel County Sheriff

No. of Copies rec'd\_ List ABCDE

### Sheriff of Jasper County

James L. Verwers, Sheriff 515-792-5912 515-792-4202 Fax Jasper County Courthouse Annex 115 North 2nd Avenue East Newton, Iowa 50208



July 25, 1994

The Honorable Reed Hundt, Chairman Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, N.W. Washington, D.C 20554

RE: CC Docket #92-77

Dear Chairman Hundt:

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JUL 2 9 1994

FCC MAIL ROOM

DYSETTLE CHOISEAL

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#### page 2

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Sincerely

James L. Verwers, Sheriff

Jasper County Sheriff's Office

P.O. Box 517

Newton, Iowa 50208

The Honorable Reed E. Hundt, Chairman Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, NW Washington, D.C. 20554

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Dear Chairman Hundt:

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FCC MAIL ROOM

DESCRIPTION OF GRANAL

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We have analyzed the security and administration needs at our facility and have found it to be necessary to route inmate calls from our facility to a single carrier that is equipped to handle inmate calls and with whom we have a contractual relationship. We cannot allow inmates to have open access to the telecommunications network and the freedom to use any carrier they please. BPP will take away our right to coordinate inmate calls through a carrier we know and trust. Instead, inmate calls will be routed to a number of different carriers, none of whom will have any obligation to us, and few that will be trained to handle inmate calls.

We have also found it necessary to install phone equipment that is specifically designed for inmate calls. This equipment helps prevent fraud, abusive calls, and other criminal activity over the telephone network. Given the constant budgetary constraints that we are under, we cannot afford to provide this equipment without the help of inmate phone service providers. BPP would also eliminate the revenue stream that finances our inmate phones. If BPP is applied to inmate facilities, there will be no way for us to finance these phones, nor will there be inmate phone service providers to assist us. Without inmate phones, the morale of our inmates will be devastated. The resulting increase in tension will make it more difficult for our staff to manage inmates.

Furthermore, we are sensitive to the rates inmate families pay for calls. We fully appreciate the FCC's concern if some Sheriffs do not take responsibility for protecting inmate families from abusive rates. We do not agree with the FCC that the solution for this lack of responsibility is BPP. The proper and more effective action would be to adopt rate ceilings on inmate calls and then let Sheriffs enforce these rate ceilings through their contracts. Indeed we believe the overwhelming majority of Sheriffs are committed to requiring rates that are fair and reasonable.

In short, BPP would take away our ability to employ important security and administrative measures that we have found to be necessary at our facility, ultimately reducing immate phone availability, which in turn decreases the efficiency of our staff. We urge you to not adopt regulations that interfere with our administrative and security decisions -- decisions that are clearly within our discretion and which we have a public responsibility to make.

Respectfully submitted,

Name/Title

Geno DeAngelo, Sheriff of Broome County

Broome County Sheriff's Office

Name of Correctional Facility

P.O.Box 2047

Binghamton, N.Y. 13902

Address

CC: The Honorable James H. Quello
The Honorable Rachelle B. Chong
The Honorable Andrew C. Barrett
The Honorable Susan Ness

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RECEIVED

JUL 29 1994

FCC MAIL ROOM

DEKALB COUNTY COURTHOUSE DECATUR, GEORGIA 30030 TELEPHONE A/C 404-371-2391

PAT JARVIS, Sheriff

July 25, 1994

DOORSTELL OF A CHICKAL

The Honorable Reed E. Hundt, Chairman Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, NW Washington, D.C. 20554

re: CC Docket No. 92-77 Opposition to Billed Party Preference

Dear Chairman Hundt,

We are vehemently opposed to the application of Billed Party Preference(BPP) at inmate facilities.

We have evaluated our administrative and security needs and have determined it necessary to route inmate calls to a single contract provider. We cannot extend to inmates the freedom to choose any carrier they please. This would take away our right to coordinate inmate calls through a carrier we trust.

We have long since determined the absolute necessity in utilizing telephone equipment specifically designed for inmate usage. Such equipment reduces the propensity for utilizing the telephone network for fraud, abusive calls, or other criminal activity. Given the budget constraints we face we would be unable to provide this equipment without the assistance of the inmate phone service provider. BPP would eliminate the revenue that funds our inmate phones. We strongly oppose any action that would place further costs upon the taxpayers of our county.

We are also sensitive to the rates inmate families pay for calls. We do however strongly believe that BPP is not the medium for regulating rate abuse. A more appropriate method would be to establish rate ceilings as Law or FCC Regulation which Sheriff's could enforce through their telephone service contracts. We are confident that the overwhelming majority of Sheriffs are resolute in requiring fair and reasonable rates.

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In conclusion, BPP would eliminate our ability to employ critical security and administrative measures necessary at our facility, ultimately reducing inmate phone availability, and in turn reducing staff efficiency. We implore you not to adopt any regulations which would impact upon our ability to appropriately address administrative and security issues.

For Sheriff Pat Jarvis,

Major Robert W. Melton

Commander, Dekalb County Jail

Dekalb County, Georgia

CC: Honorable James H. Quello

Honorable Rachelle B. Chong Honorable Andrew C. Barrett

Honorable Susan Ness



J MITELL

### The Sheriff of Allen County Joseph M. Squadrito Room 102 Courthouse

Fort Wayne, Indiana 46802

July 25, 1994

RECEIVED

The Honorable Reed E. Hundt, Chairman Federal Communications Commission 1919 M. Street, NW Washington, DC 20554

JUL 29 1994

FCC MAIL ROOM

Re: CC Docket No. 92-77 Opposition to Billed Party Preference

Dear Chairman Hundt,

I strongly oppose the application of Billed Party Preference (BBP) at the Allen County Jail, or any inmate facility.

This jail has found it to be in the best interest of the citizenry to control inmate access to the communication system. Inmates cannot make harassing calls and on the rare occasion it may occur we have control of the system and can block calls when it is requested. To accomplish this we have installed phone equipment designed for use in a controlled environment. This security would be lost with the proposed BPP.

While I appreciate the FCC's concern for rates paid for calls by the family, or the called party, our sheriff has exercised great care in holding the cost down. I do not agree that the solution for bringing those less responsible individuals into line is to bring about a loss of control and revenue to all who are responsible. With the advent of BPP I fear a lessening of the ability to communicate and therefore a severe blow to inmate morale.

It appears that BPP would eliminate the revenue flow that our jail relies upon to buy communication equipment, and such a loss would bring about a deteriorization of equipment. While most carriers want the business they do not want the responsibility for the equipment required to maintain close control and rugged enough for our use.

I feel the proposed regulation would take away a valuable security tool, decrease revenue, and make proper administration of inmate communications an impossibility. I urge you not to adopt this regulation!

Respectfully submitted,

Henry E. Dill

Warden

Allen County Confinement Center 417 South Calhoun Street Fort Wayne, IN 46802 No. of Copies rec'd\_ List ABCDE

Office Phone (219) 428-7535

Communications (219) 428-7661

#### **COUNTY OF OAKLAND**

## **OFFICE OF THE SHERIFF**

JOHN F. NICHOLS

THOMAS QUISENBERRY

Major



RECEIVED

HENRY BUFFA
Undersheriff

JUL 2 9 1994

FCC MAIL ROOM

July 26, 1994

The Honorable Reed E. Hundt Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20554

Dear Chairman Hundt:

BILLED PARTY PREFERENCE - CC Docket NO. 92-77

As the Administrator of the second largest County Jail facility in the State of Michigan, I feel somewhat qualified to evaluate what call controls are necessary, both in the best interest of the inmate and the general public. I do not believe that this is the function of the Federal Government. Those of us in Corrections recognize that telephone call controls are necessary for a number of reasons.

Fraud perpetrated by telephone calls is increasing almost daily and is most difficult to investigate, but can be curtailed when one has the capability to control both the use of the phone and the carrier over which the calls are being made. Allowing inmate calls to go long distances through any number of carriers as opposed to a single service chosen and contractually committed to such calls leaves much to be desired and will create chaos and reduce the ability of the Corrections facilities to manage the security function. The harassment of witnesses, threats to complainants, and telephone fraud can run rampant when numbers of carriers must be identified, contacted, and dealt with.

For us, it is an absolute mandate to have a provider who can service our facilities and inmates by providing number blocking, PINS, and screen out calls to persons inmates wish to threaten. This can, also, help to continue one of the primary sources of gang control inside the Jail. I vigorously oppose any legislation that would enable this situation to deteriorate to the point where the prisoners manipulate and control the system.

No. of Copies rec'd List ABCDE It is difficult to understand how someone far removed from the problem and who has no responsibility can presume to set up standards which other people must live with and which are, certainly, not in the best interest of the general public. I, therefore, strongly urge that you recognize that the selection of the phone carrier for inmates services should be left with the installation Commanders and not with the Federal government.

Sincerely,

John F. Nichols

Sheriff

JFN/ba

c: James H. Quello, FCC

Andrew C. Barrett, FCC

ohn & Michols

Rachelle B. Chong, FCC

Susan Ness, FCC

Al Gore, Vice-President

Donald W. Riegle, Jr., U.S. Senator

Carl Levin, U.S. Senator

Bob Carr, U.S. Representative

Dale E. Kildee, U.S. Representative

Joe Knollenberg, U.S. Representative

Sander Levin, U.S. Representative

APCC Inmate Phone Services Providers Task Force

Diane Brown, O.C. Facilities Maintenance and Operations

July 20, 1994

The Honorable Reed Hundt, Chairman Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, N.W. Washington, D. C. 20554

Re: CC Docket #92-77

Dear Chairman Hundt:

RECEIVED
JUL 2 9 1994
FCC MAIL ROOM

I am writing to voice my concerns about the proposed Billed Party Preference regulation. The correctional facility inmate phone industry would be severely jeopardized by BPP, affecting inmates, their families and the criminal justice system as a whole. For this reason, we are asking that inmate calls be exempt from the proposed BPP regulation.

Over the past ten years, administrators of correctional facilities have been able to put into place a very effective system for allowing inmate phone calls. The right to choose our phone service provider has been key to our success. This service has always been delivered to us at very reasonable rates. What's more, inmate phone commissions have been a significant source of revenue for our facility and have helped us improve it dramatically. We use this revenue to fund various programs including: law enforcement education; inmate health, education and recreation; jail personnel safety; drug prevention and other community programs; family visitation etc.

#### Here are a few of my biggest concerns about Billed Party Preference:

- It strips correctional facility administrators of the right to choose inmate phone providers.
- Technology for BPP would reportedly cost upwards of \$1.5 billion, an expense that would have to be passed along to the consumer.
- Without the authority to process calls, inmate phone providers would no longer have the
  revenue to provide the sophisticated phone systems used in prisons. The end result: fewer
  phones with fewer security features. Facilities would have to revert to the old ways of
  supervising each and every inmate call.
- The average length of stay in jail would increase because inmates would not have the phone privileges required to make arrangements for obtaining bond. *This costs everyone!*
- Under BPP, correctional facilities would no longer have control over inmate calls, which
  means no call tracking or blocking. Inmates could conceivably harass judges, witnesses, jury
  members or even the victims of their crimes.
- Without call control, facilities would be unable to control fraud problems currently handled by inmate phone providers.

For the above reasons, and countless others, we believe that THE COSTS OF BILLED PARTY PREFERENCE FOR INMATE CALLS FAR OUTWEIGH THE BENEFITS. If BPP does become regulation, we urge you to make inmate calls exempt. Thank you for your consideration of my views.

Javid L. Hope

Sincerely.

No. of Copies rec'd\_ List ABCDE

# DAYLE JAMES Sheriff



DOYKHT FELL DOPY CRIGHAL

WAYNE SPEARS
Undersheriff

BARBARA GIFFORD
Office Manager

August 1, 1994RECEWED

JUL 2 9 **1994** 

The Honorable Reed E. Hundt, Chairman Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street NW Washington, D.C. 20554

FCC MAIL ROOM

Re: CC Docket No. 92-77 Opposition to Billed Party Preference

Dear Chairman Hundt:

We are opposed to the application of Billed Party Preference (BPP) at inmate facilities.

We have analyzed the security and administration needs at our facility and have found it to be necessary to route inmate calls from our facility to a single carrier that is equipped to handle inmate calls and with whom we have a contractual relationship. We cannot allow inmates to have open access to the telecommunications network and the freedom to use any carrier they please. BPP will take away our right to coordinate inmate calls through a carrier we know and trust. Instead, inmate calls will be routed to a number of different carriers, non of whom will have any obligation to us, and few that will be trained to handle inmate calls.

We have also found it necessary to install phone equipment that is specifically designed for inmate calls. This equipment helps prevent fraud, abusive calls, and other criminal activity over the telephone network. Given the constant budgetary constraints that we are under, we cannot afford to provide this equipment without the help of inmate phone service providers. BPP would also eliminate the revenue stream that finances our inmate phones. If BPP is applied to inmate facilities, there will be no way for us to finance these phones, nor will there be inmate phone service providers to assist us. Without inmate phones, the morale of our inmates will be devastated. the resulting increase in tension will make it more difficult for our staff to manage inmates.

Furthermore, we are sensitive to the rates inmate families pay for calls. We fully appreciate the FCC's concern if some sheriffs do not take responsibility for protecting inmate families from abusive rates. We do not agree with the FCC that the solution for this lack of responsibility is BPP. The proper and more effective

DARE. TO KEEP KIDS OFF DRUGS

OKMULGEE COUNTY COURTHOUSE Okmulgee, Oklahoma 74447 Office: 918/756-4311 Fax: 918/758-1208 No. of Copies rec'd